To Our Sovereign Lord, JAMES the Second, Rightful King of Great Britain and Ireland: Where soever He now inhabits in the Parts beyond the Seas. Richard Stafford a Scribe, Instructed in the Law of God, desireth a speedy, Safe and Peaceable Coming into England.

Had Thoughts to have Written and directed a Letter unto thee some three Years since, to exhort thee to cease from, and not to feek to recover thy Kingdom again by Blood, or force of Arms; Because I did then foresee and believe, that it would be all in vain, and there would be the Murder of fo many Creatures to answer for at the last Day, and in the mean while thou wouldit hereby lose the Love and Good Will of thy Subjects and People: Which hath indeed so came to pass, for to tell the truth and not flatter thee; The generality of People, both in City and Country, are extremely fet against thee, for to take them by the Poll, where One is perswaded in his Conscience that Wrong hath been done unto thee, and who earnestly desires that thou shouldst come to enjoy thy Own again; there be, I suppose, twenty, who think it a good Act, and that herein they do God Service in depriving and keeping thee from the Throne of thy Anceltors.

The Reasons whereof are these following.

The corrupt Nature of Mankind doth luft after new and unlawful Things, and the People of this Nation were defirous of a new King in Opposition to that Law of God. Thou shalt in any wise fet him King over thee whom the Lord thy God shall choose: one from among thy brethren shalt thou fet King over thee, a Stranger thou mayst not set over thee which is not thy Brother, Deut. 17. 15. Now whether One born and bred up beyond the Seas be a Stranger or not, God will Judge. It is too well known that fince the Beginning and Creation thereof, the Multitude and Course of this World hath all along been most for that which is contrary unto, or different from the Law and Revealed Will of God. There hath been a Lying also Spirit in the Mouth of almost all our Prophets and People, for the Devil hath acted in their Minds fo many false Surmises, Sayings, and Accusations concerning thee, which happens according to the usual Methods of Injustice; first to do the Wrong, (whereof they do thus clearly shew and manifest that they are conscious to themfelves) and then conceive and raife false Reports, and then utter forth the several kinds of Reproaches concerning the Person to whom it is done: Which last they give way unto for Mitigation and Justification of their Sin before the World; whereas in respect to God, who seeth not as Man feeth: It is a further Enhansement and Addition thereto.

Another Reason hereof may be assigned from what is Written, That the Hypocrite Reign not, least the People be ensured. Job 34. 30. And they who do at present Reign, do give forth goodly Words, and make glorious Pretences for the Protestant Religion against Popery, whereby they draw after them vast numbers of the Religious, who either know not, or consider not throughly, That whosoever lives in the continued breach of any one of the Laws of God, that Mans Religi-We are not allowed out of Zeal for one Commandment to Transgress another, out of an Abhorrence of Idols to forswear one's self, or commit Robbery. This is the Abomination of Hypocrifie, that when it hath unlawful Ends of its own, as the Pride of Life or Gain of Mony, than to make outward Pretences for God; which he that knows the Secrets of the Hearts difcerns likewife, and ranks them in their Condemnation before Unbelievers. The Hypocrite is commonly for that Religion which hath most on its side, according to the Custom and Manner of the Coun-

try He lives in, and as his Defign lies.

Now it is not unknown, that the Romish way of Persuasion or manner of Worship, is very much out of Eiteem here in E gland, partly with the Superstition and Errour wherewithal it is accompanied, as also a great deal of the Abby-Lands is now in the hands of the Nobility and Gentry, which they are afraid or unwilling to lofe. Moreover, as Zipporah faid unto Molos, A bloody Husband art thou unto me because of the Circumcision; So that is called a bloody Religion because of the Cruelties and Murders which they have used and inflicted in their Massacres, Perfecutions and Wars. Because of the Outrages and Blood-shed, which were committed, both in the Defeat on severe Punishment of Monmourb's Rebellion, and by Reason of what hath been more lately spilt

in Ireland. Many do take up the like Railing with that of ch

thee. Now I would to God, that there had been no occasion given for the Adversary to Reproach after this manner, and thou hadst not went upon that mistaken Policy of thinking to secure it by Terrour when thy Throne would have been established by Mercy: For it would have been better for thee only to have cut off three or sour of the principal Actors or Leaders in that Rebellion, or rather to have imprisoned them, and to have spar'd or banished the common ignorant People, than to have proceeded to that extreme Rigour of Law which thou didit, Summum jus off summa injuria. Hereby thou didst utterly lose the love and good will of the residue of thy Subjects, especially in that part of the Country, which thereupon became more open and easie to that Invader, who hath since entred upon thy Right. This ignorance of the Nature of things caused thee to lose thy Kingdom, and as it is said, Ques Jupiter vult Perdere, dementat. So there may be observed before any great Missortune or overturning of this Nature, a foregoing Train of acts of Sin and Evil, Igno-

rance and Folly, Unrighteousnessor Sloth, some Error or Neglect, or the like. Now in order to retreive and heal an Error, it should be done after the same manner as it was at first made: And a way is pointed out in the following lines how thou mayst clearly shew and man fe t, That thou art a Man who canst not endure that the Blood of thy People should be shed I have heard that when thou camest to Dublin, just upon thy deseat received at the River Boyn, thou didft then feem to be very forrowful for the Blood which had been shed. I have also heard that thou gavest orders to thy Generals and Commanders in Ireland to spare the People what they could; So that some fay, Thy Mercy herein was thy Undoing, as to the loss of Victory or Profecution of it, as by not cutting off the Enemies strength so much as might have been done, or the like. this last be indeed true, that thy Bowels did yearn upon thy People, and thou couldst not endure that they should be slain, (I wish it might be also here added, as in the Text alluded unto, In no wife; 1 King. 3.26.) Then it may be determined from the like Judgment which So omon made here between the two Harlots, that between thy felf and thy Competitor, thou art indeed the true and right Father of this People; for I never heard that He did compassionate the lives of English-men, but He did venture and expose them at all rates for the Prosecution and Accomplishment of his Ends and Purposes. The Thief cometh not, but for to steal, and to kill, and to destroy, John 10. 10. Here also the reason of things is double: for thy Compassion, and his Unconcernedness thereat might arise from thy Sorrow of being overcome and disappointed, whereas he was so warm and flush'd with the Victory and Success, that he did not so much feel and sympathise the Blood, with the Price whereof it was obtained and purchased.

But if thou hast indeed a fatherly Love for thy People, and wouldst not be the Executioner of thy Subjects, (It is thy own Phrase in thy Declaration for the Liberty of Conscience) Then, O King, let my sollowing counsel be acceptable unto thee; do not be instrumental to bring an Army of cruel French into this thy Kingdom, who will be apt to burn, kill and destroy, and turn all things into Desolation. In adding that Epithet Cruel, I would not willingly exasperate nor provoke any Nation: But as things have been publickly related unto us, some of their Actions have denoted them so, but yet as that King and his People have afforded thee Maintenance and Protection, so thou oughtest (if it should ever be in thy power) to be both righteous and thankful unto him, and

to live by him in all friendly Alliance, Peace and Agreement.

Thou haft been so long in a wrong method of War and Fighting, that thou dost not so readily know how to get out and utterly difintangle thy felf from it. When thy Father was Murthered in that jud ciary way, it was laid in the Charge and Indictment against him, That he caused the Lives of thousands of People of this Nation to be lost in his Wars against his Parliament. And I believe thou art fomthing afraid to come over and venture thy felf in Person in a peaceable way, (either fingly or with a very few Friends and Servants) least they should get thee into their power, and draw up the like Arraignment against thee. Here it would be better if there had been no such occasion given, and it may be answered again, That thou was driven away from thy Kingdom by Force and Terror, and then thou didft fend thy Letters of Treaty and Accommodation; which being despised, and no answer or regard given to them, then thou didst betake thy self to such Methods, which is usual for Sovereign Princes to do in such Cases. But here as the good Shepherd giveth his life for the Sheep, John 10.11. So thou shouldst rather have given up, and let go all the thoughts of having thy Kingdom again rather than they should be so worryed and destroyed. Do but once so far perceive thine Error, as like the Man after Gods own Heart, to own openly and fay before the Lord, Lo, I have finned, and done wickedly, but what have these Sheep done? let thine hand, I pray thee, be against me, and against my fathers house, 2 Sam. 24.17. What have the People done that they should be so killed and destroyed in such multitudes, when the fault was partly in thy self, but much more in others? But fuch is the Inequality of this World, that when the rich and higher fort of People do deserve most of the Judgment (it being occasioned by their Pride, Covetousness, Revenge Quarrelling they do at the time fit in their Palaces and fine Houses, or at the Council Board, and

there they do cause, contrive and carry on the War, but themselves do not feel the smart and brunt

thereof, no not with the least of their fingers.

Thou must own a Providential ordering and disposal, that for almost these four years thou hast been turn'd afide from thy Kingdom; And tho thou halt had all along the Necessaries and Comforts of outward Life, yet still thou art to look upon it as some displeasure of God; As if thou hadit not been worthy to have continued in that high Station in which thou was, or as if thy way to the Throne had been forced, and thou hadft came in before thy time, and so by a likeness of Judgment, thou art again dispofeffed before thy time. It was a King, who faid, There is no man that sinneth not, 1 King. 8. 46. And that God might be jullified when he speaketh, and be clear when he judgeth; We muit now believe as we shall at last know, that for some Sin and particular Evil, denoted by the Particle, this thou halt done in Gods fight, Pfal. 51.4. (implying thereby that it is not altogether so manifest unto us) which besides the National Unrighteousness and Perjury hath brought all this Affliction upon thy self, and Calamity upon this People; which yet make thy Chariot fo long in coming, and which cause the Waeels of thy Chariot to tarry. But that the Ships and Vessels which came forward this Summer did speed no better: Herein was plain a Manifestation of Providence, that it may not only be read and understood, but even felt and feen; the natural Construction whereof was, It shall not be thus viz. after such an Hostile manner; But if thou and thy People were sufficiently prepared and qualified for such a Mercy. It is an easy thing with God to put it into the Hearts of thy Subjects to send Commissioners and Vessels of their own to bring thee back, who hast been injuriously expelled from us: Or to inspire thy Heart with Christian Courage and Magnanimity (for so it would be in Truth, tho it is not esteemed so in the World) to do what thou art here further on directed unto. The Lord is righteous in all his ways and hely in all his works. But without all Contradiction, the Fault or Defect is some way or other in the Creature: There is certainly fome peculiar Sin and Iniquity, both in our King and his People, which makes God to separate himself, and hide his face from them; which as yet doth hander and with-hold that good Thing from us, that would be in his peaceable Restauration.

Since thy Deprivation, and so still thou shouldst not live in outward Mirth and Recreations, for what was lawful in thy Prosperity, is not expedient in this day of thy Distress: But be thou now in a state of Humiliation and Waiting on the Lord; of Fasting, Sackcloth, and Mourning. Be instant and earnest in Prayer unto Almighty God, that thou may it be again worthy for him to do some great and good thing for thee towards thy latter End. I have read among the Works of Bernard, That formerly there was a King in Ireland, who being dispossessed, thought it unlawful, and therefore would not seek to recover his Kingdom again by Blood: but during the mean while of his Deprivation, He carried himfelf in this Christian state and manner of life, and God did at length hear his Prayer, as to bring him to his own again.

It is much talk'd of throughout this Nation whether thou wilt ever come here to

England again, to us it is uncertain and unknown. But truly if my Soul were in thy

Soul's flead, (to put thee in mind and exhort thee to this, is the principal drift and de-

fign of this Letter) I would indeed refolve, that if please God continue me Life, Health, Liberty and power of Action, I would certainly come over again before I die, tho it should be but in a Pacquet or Fither-man's Boat, or in any other small Vessel: And I would have neither Sword nor Gun, nor any manner of Arms whatfoever with me, nor with any of my Company; which also should not exceed the number of twelve or twenty at most. Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion: Shout O daughter of 3erusalem: behold, thy King cometh unto thee: he is just, and having Savation, lowly, and riding upon an Ass, and upon a Coit, the foal of an Ass, Zech. 9. 9. So the Inhab tants of this Isle may be glad, that thou comest in trusting only upon the sure Foundations of Innocency and Righteousness, and bringing Peace with thee into their Borders. And thou do!t begin and go forward thy Journey in fuch an humble harmless manner, that none shall be afraid to meet thee at thy coming. It hath been said, that if ever thou dost change thy Religion, thou wilt turn Quaker. But to let alone that distinguishing Term or Nickname, if thou wert once altogether a Christian in Deed, and in all things; if all thy Friends and Adherents were so likewise, and they did go only upon Christian Methods, we should quickly see the Salvation of God, Who doth not respect any Person, yet doth he devise means, that his banished be not expelled from him, 2 Sam. 14.14, To make him inherit the Throne of Glory, and to work Deliverance for his People.

When thou hast once prepar'd thy felf after this manner, thou will certainly take up Esther's Resolution, If I perish, I perish, Eith. 4.16. and thou wilt indeed rely upon that fure reasoning of good old Eliezar in 2 Macabees 6. for he began to consider discreetly, and as became his Age, and the Excellency of his Ancient Years, and the Honour of his Gray Hairs whereunto he was come. Therefore He answered consequently (observe that) In like manner Thou mayst reason, That it becometh not thy declining Age (being about fixty Years Old) to fear Death or Imprisonment, for if thou tarriest where thou art (which will be to the defire and rejoycing of thine Enemies) Thou wilt certainly die in that C

where thou was not horse

If we could once fet afide all those means, which have relation to the Carnal and outward Weapons (as Satan hath been all along thrusting that in, and prompting Men to it, wherein they will hazard their Lives, but not for the Word of God and his Righteousness, whereby again He takes advantage as to deseat their Designs, and make them justly Suffer as Evil doers) but if instead thereof we did with all our Strength and Power make use of the Spiritual Weapons only, speaking and doing according to the words of Gods Grace and Truth, it would have this essect at least, as fortneith to stanch that issue of Blood, which hath been running on the Seas, and in the Neighbouring Kingdoms for almost these four Years last past; and it would preserve Life for the time to come, which is a greater benefit to ones

by Suffering (and not by Fighting) They shall get the Victory and Success, and He shall at length be

It is not for us as yet to know all the Particular leveral steps whereby God would bring back his Anointed, if He would follow after and tread in them. And if he be thus minded, God will reveal it day after day as there shall be occasion. It is to keep and go on in his way only. For thy Servant David's sake turn not away the Face of thine Anointed, the Lord hath sworn in truth unto David, and He will not turn from it: As the Fruit of his Body is set upon his Throne, so He will set himself again upon it, if He will keep his Covenant and Testimony, and walk in that way only (without going atide to the right hand or to the lest, to the paths of the Destroyer, of which fort is all manner of Force or Violence) and do all those things He shall Teach him by this or any other Testimony of his Word and Truth, or by the direction of his holy Spirit, or by whatever further Thoughts he shall put into his Soul.

Only in jo doing, thou skalt,

Te be dated from London, July 25. 1692. commonly called St. James's Day.

brought out of Prison to Reign.

Farewel.

Consider what I say, and the Lord give thee Understanding in all things.

These Words should some way or another be sent and Conveyed unto him, to whom it is directed and intended.